RBWM LICENSING & PUBLIC SPACE PROTECTION ORDER SUB-COMMITTEE

6 December 2023 – York House, Windsor

CONSIDERATION OF AN APPLICATION TO REVIEW A PREMISES LICENCE UNDER s51 of the LICENSING ACT 2003

Sub-Committee Members: Cllr Baskerville, Cllr Brar, Cllr Gosling.

Officer reporting: Craig Hawkings – Licensing Team Leader

1. The Application

Applicant: Caroline Laird - Immigration Officer (Home Office)

Premises: The Bell and Bottle, Bath Road, Maidenhead, SL6 3RX

Premises Licence Holder: Surinder Kumar Rajput

Designated Premises Supervisor (DPS): Sachin Rajput

Type of Premises: Public House & Restaurant

The current premises licence is PL051203 Appendix A

The application to review this premises licence is **Appendix B**

Map of the Surrounding Area: Appendix C

2. Background

Section 36 and Schedule 4 of the Immigration Act 2016 amended the Licensing Act 2003 to introduce immigration safeguards in respect of licensing applications made in England and Wales on or after 06 April 2017. The intention is to prevent illegal working in premises licensed for the sale of alcohol or provides late night refreshment.

Under section 51 of the Licensing Act 2003 a responsible authority or any other person may apply to the relevant licensing authority for a review of a premises licence.

A "responsible authority" is defined in the Licensing Act 2003 as one of the agencies set out in section 13 of that Act.

The 2016 Act made the Home Secretary a responsible authority with effect from 6 April 2017 in respect of the sale of alcohol and late-night refreshment (The Secretary of State (Home Office IE) is not a responsible authority in respect of the supply of alcohol by clubs (members clubs which are licensed under club premises certificates, for example, political or sports clubs), or the provision of regulated entertainment). In effect this conveys the role of responsible authority on IE. When IE acts as a responsible authority it will do so under the prevention of crime and disorder licensing objective.

Any such application must not be frivolous or vexatious or a repeat of a previous application, but it must relate to one or more of the four licensing objectives set out in the Licensing Act 2003, which are:

- the prevention of crime and disorder
- public safety
- the prevention of public nuisance, and
- the protection of children from harm

The application to review the premises licence of Bell and Bottle is not frivolous or vexatious, or a repeat of a previous application. It relates to one or more of the four licensing objectives. It is therefore a valid application.

The application includes a statement from the applicant, Caroline Laird which sets out in detail the reasons why the application has been submitted and the evidence to support it. Caroline Laird concludes her statement by saying, one of the licensing objectives which underpins the Licensing Act 2003 is the prevention of crime and disorder and all operators are expected to take steps to promote the licensing objectives. Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) believe Mr Surinder Kumar Rajput is not preventing crime and disorder and therefore should no longer be allowed to hold a premises licence. Mr Surinder Kumar Rajput is using his Hospitality businesses to employ illegal workers which is strictly prohibited under the Licensing Act 2003 and Immigration Act 1971(aa). Employing illegal workers in the UK has the following impact on the community and society as a whole:-

- 1. It deprives HMRC and the Government of revenue by non-payment of tax and national insurance.
- 2. It exploits the undocumented by paying them less than the minimum wage and provides no employment or income protection.
- 3. It encourages other overstayers / illegals to seek similar work.
- 4. It allows a business to unfairly undercut other businesses by employing cheap labour.
- 5. Illegal workers are often housed in cramped and unsatisfactory conditions by the employer as part of their working arrangement.

You will hear from Caroline Laird acting as a responsible authority during the course of the hearing who has submitted the attached review pack which is **Appendix D**

The premises licence holder was informed of this application by officers and notices were displayed at the premises as required, photos were taken. **Appendix E**.

The Sub Committee must consider the application from Caroline Laird, in respect of this application, and the response of the licence holder, and then determine the application in light of the four licensing objectives.

3. The Review Process

When an application is made to review a premises licence, the process is subject to statutory time limits which are as follows;

- Regulation 22 of The Licensing Act 2003 (Premises licences and club premises certificates) Regulations 2005 provides the following for receiving representations in relation to an application;
- a period of 28 consecutive days starting on the day after the day on which the application to which it relates was given to the authority by the applicant".

This application was received on Tuesday 17 October. The 28 consecutive day period to receive representations therefore started on October and ended on Monday 13 November 2023

Schedule 1 of The Licensing Act 2003 (Hearings) Regulations 2005 then
provides the following for the timescale during which the hearing to determine
an application for a review of a premises licence must be held; "20 working
days beginning with the day after the end of the period during which
representations may be made as prescribed under section 51(3)(c)"

This 20-working day period started on Tuesday 14 November and would end on Monday 11 December 2023.

By having this hearing on 6 December 2023, the requirement to hold a hearing within 20 working days has been complied with.

At RBWM the hearing to determine an application to review a premises licence is before a Licensing and Public Space Protection Order (LPSPO) Sub Committee, and that Sub Committee can take such steps, as set out in legislation, as are appropriate for the promotion of the four licensing objectives.

During the 28 consecutive day consultation period outlined above, responsible authorities, as defined by the Licensing Act 2003, may make representations about the application. Other persons may also make representations.

4. Relevant Representations Received

With respect to this application from Caroline Laired to review the premises licence of Mr Surinder Kumar Rajput, relevant representations from responsible authorities were received as follows:

a.	Thames Valley Police	Appendix E
b.	RBWM Environmental Health	None
С.	RBFRS:	None
d.	RBWM Planning	None

- e. RBWM Local Safeguarding Children's Board (LSCB) None
- f. Public Health None
- g. RBWM Trading Standards None

All parties who made representations were required to notify the licensing authority, in advance, if they intended to attend the hearing and, if so, if they intended to be represented or call witnesses.

Proper notification was received from;

- Caroline Laird
- Surinder Kumar Rajput

5. Matters to Consider

In considering an application to review a premises licence, the Sub Committee must take into account

- the application itself
- representations received about the application
- representations made by the premises licence holder
- the RBWM Statement of Licensing Policy 2021-2026
- the Home Office Revised Guidance issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003, April 2018.

6. RBWM Statement of Licensing Policy 2021-2026

The sections of the RBWM Licensing Policy relevant to this application are; Licensing Objectives and other Key Aims and Purposes 1.9 The four licensing objectives covered by this policy, as set out in the Licensing Act 2003, are:

- Prevention of crime and disorder
- Public safety
- Prevention of public nuisance
- Protection of children from harm
- 1.10 These four objectives are of equal importance. There are no other statutory licensing objectives so the promotion of these four objectives is a paramount consideration at all times.
- 1.11 This Statement of Policy reflects the guidance issued by the Home Office under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 (version published April 2018).
- 1.12 Paragraph 1.5 of the section 182 guidance states that licensing legislation supports a number of key aims and purposes. These are vitally important and should be principal aims for everyone involved in licensing work. These include:

- Protecting the public and local residents from crime, anti-social behaviour and noise nuisance caused by irresponsible licenced premises.
- Giving the police and licensing authorities the powers they need to effectively manage and police the night-time economy and take action against those premises that are causing the problems.

Conditions

5.2 The Council maintains that licensing is about the control of licenced premises, qualifying clubs and temporary events within the terms of the 2003 Act. Any terms and conditions attached to licences will be focused on matters which are within the control of individual licensees and others granted relevant permissions, centering on the premises and their vicinity.

Wider Community Interest

6.9 Wider Community Interest - The licensing authority considers that its licensing functions are exercised in the public interest. Furthermore, the licensing authority is under a duty to take any steps with a view to the promotion of the licensing objectives in the interests of the wider community and not just those of the individual license holder.

Promoting the Prevention of Crime and Disorder

Where appropriate, the licensing authority and responsible authorities may propose conditions relating to the following issues in relation to the Prevention of Crime and Disorder objective:

7. Revised Guidance issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003

The sections and paragraphs of the Home Office Guidance relevant to this application are;

Licensing objectives and aims

- 1.2 The legislation provides a clear focus on the promotion of four statutory objectives which must be addressed when licensing functions are undertaken.
- 1.3 The licensing objectives are:
 - The prevention of crime and disorder;
 - Public safety;
 - The prevention of public nuisance; and
 - The protection of children from harm.
- 1.4 Each objective is of equal importance. There are no other statutory licensing objectives, so that the promotion of the four objectives is a paramount consideration at all times.

- 1.5 However, the legislation also supports a number of other key aims and purposes. These are vitally important and should be principal aims for everyone involved in licensing work. They include:
 - protecting the public and local residents from crime, anti-social behaviour and noise nuisance caused by irresponsible licensed premises;
 - providing a regulatory framework for alcohol which reflects the needs of local communities and empowers local authorities to make and enforce decisions about the most appropriate licensing strategies for their local area;

Crime and disorder

- 2.1 Licensing authorities should look to the police as the main source of advice on crime and disorder.
- 2.3 Conditions should be targeted on deterrence and preventing crime and disorder including the prevention of illegal working in premises (see paragraph 10.10). For example, where there is good reason to suppose that disorder may take place, the presence of closed-circuit television (CCTV) cameras both inside and immediately outside the premises can actively deter disorder, nuisance, anti-social behaviour and crime generally. Some licence holders may wish to have cameras on their premises for the prevention of crime directed against the business itself, its staff, or its customers. But any condition may require a broader approach, and it may be appropriate to ensure that the precise location of cameras is set out on plans to ensure that certain areas are properly covered and there is no subsequent dispute over the terms of the condition.
- 2.6 The prevention of crime includes the prevention of immigration crime including the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises. Licensing authorities should work with Home Office Immigration Enforcement, as well as the police, in respect of these matters. Licence conditions that are considered appropriate for the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises might include requiring a premises licence holder to undertake right to work checks on all staff employed at the licensed premises or requiring that evidence of a right to work check, either physical or digital (e.g. a copy of any document checked as part of a right to work check or a clear copy of the online right to work check) are retained at the licensed premises.

Hearings

9.38 In determining the application with a view to promoting the licensing objectives in the overall interests of the local community, the licensing authority must give appropriate weight to:

- the steps that are appropriate to promote the licensing objectives;
- the representations (including supporting information) presented by all the parties;
- this Guidance;
- its own statement of licensing policy.

Reviews

- 11.1 The proceedings set out in the 2003 Act for reviewing premises licences and club premises certificates represent a key protection for the community where problems associated with the licensing objectives occur after the grant or variation of a premises licence or club premises certificate.
- 11.2 At any stage, following the grant of a premises licence or club premises certificate, a responsible authority, or any other person, may ask the licensing authority to review the licence or certificate because of a matter arising at the premises in connection with any of the four licensing objectives
- 11.5 Any responsible authority under the 2003 Act may apply for a review of a premises licence or club premises certificate. Therefore, the relevant licensing authority may apply for a review if it is concerned about licensed activities at premises and wants to intervene early without waiting for representations from other persons.
- 11.6 Where the relevant licensing authority does act as a responsible authority and applies for a review, it is important that a separation of responsibilities is still achieved in this process to ensure procedural fairness and eliminate conflicts of interest.
- 11.9 Representations must be made in writing and may be amplified at the subsequent hearing or may stand in their own right. Additional representations which do not amount to an amplification of the original representation may not be made at the hearing.
- 11.10 Where authorised persons and responsible authorities have concerns about problems identified at premises, it is good practice for them to give licence holders early warning of their concerns and the need for improvement, and where possible they should advise the licence or certificate holder of the steps they need to take to address those concerns. A failure by the holder to respond to such warnings is expected to lead to a decision to apply for a review. Co-operation at a local level in promoting the licensing objectives should be encouraged and reviews should not be used to undermine this co-operation

Powers of a licensing authority on the determination of a review

- 11.17 The licensing authority may decide that the review does not require it to take any further steps appropriate to promoting the licensing objectives. In addition, there is nothing to prevent a licensing authority issuing an informal warning to the licence holder and/or to recommend improvement within a particular period of time. It is expected that licensing authorities will regard such informal warnings as an important mechanism for ensuring that the licensing objectives are effectively promoted and that warnings should be issued in writing to the licence holder.
- 11.18 However, where responsible authorities such as the police or environmental health officers have already issued warnings requiring improvement either orally or in writing that have failed as part of their own stepped approach to address concerns, licensing authorities should not merely repeat that approach and should take this into account when considering what further action is appropriate. Similarly, licensing authorities may take into account any civil immigration penalties which a licence holder has been required to pay for employing an illegal worker
- 11.19 Where the licensing authority considers that action under its statutory powers is appropriate, it may take any of the following steps:
- modify the conditions of the premises licence (which includes adding new conditions or any alteration or omission of an existing condition), for example, by reducing the hours of opening or by requiring door supervisors at particular times;
- exclude a licensable activity from the scope of the licence, for example, to exclude the performance of live music or playing of recorded music (where it is not within the incidental live and recorded music exemption)10;
- remove the designated premises supervisor, for example, because they consider that the problems are the result of poor management;
- suspend the licence for a period not exceeding three months;
- revoke the licence.
- 11.20 In deciding which of these powers to invoke, it is expected that licensing authorities should so far as possible seek to establish the cause or causes of the concerns that the representations identify. The remedial action taken should generally be directed at these causes and should always be no more than an appropriate and proportionate response to address the causes of concern that instigated the review
- 11.21 For example, licensing authorities should be alive to the possibility that the removal and replacement of the designated premises supervisor may be sufficient to remedy a problem where the cause of the identified problem directly relates to poor management decisions made by that individual.
- 11.22 Equally, it may emerge that poor management is a direct reflection of poor company practice or policy and the mere removal of the designated premises supervisor may be an inadequate response to the problems presented. Indeed,

where subsequent review hearings are generated by representations, it should be rare merely to remove a succession of designated premises supervisors as this would be a clear indication of deeper problems that impact upon the licensing objectives.

11.23 Licensing authorities should also note that modifications of conditions and exclusions of licensable activities may be imposed either permanently or for a temporary period of up to three months. Temporary changes or suspension of the licence for up to three months could impact on the business holding the licence financially and would only be expected to be pursued as an appropriate means of promoting the licensing objectives or preventing illegal working. So, for instance, a licence could be suspended for a weekend as a means of deterring the holder from allowing the problems that gave rise to the review to happen again. However, it will always be important that any detrimental financial impact that may result from a licensing authority's decision is appropriate and proportionate to the promotion of the licensing objectives and for the prevention of illegal working in licensed premises. But where premises are found to be trading irresponsibly, the licensing authority should not hesitate, where appropriate to do so, to take tough action to tackle the problems at the premises and, where other measures are deemed insufficient, to revoke the licence.

11.26 Where the licensing authority is conducting a review on the grounds that the premises have been used for criminal purposes, its role is solely to determine what steps should be taken in connection with the premises licence, for the promotion of the crime prevention objective. It is important to recognise that certain criminal activity or associated problems may be taking place or have taken place despite the best efforts of the licence holder and the staff working at the premises and despite full compliance with the conditions attached to the licence. In such circumstances, the licensing authority is still empowered to take any appropriate steps to remedy the problems. The licensing authority's duty is to take steps with a view to the promotion of the licensing objectives and the prevention of illegal working in the interests of the wider community and not those of the individual licence holder.

11.27 There is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises which should be treated particularly seriously. These are the use of the licensed premises: • for the sale and distribution of drugs controlled under the Misuse of Drugs Act 1971 and the laundering of the proceeds of drugs crime; • for the sale and distribution of illegal firearms;

- for the evasion of copyright in respect of pirated or unlicensed films and music, which does considerable damage to the industries affected;
- for the illegal purchase and consumption of alcohol by minors which impacts on the health, educational attainment, employment prospects and propensity for crime of young people;
- for prostitution or the sale of unlawful pornography;

- by organised groups of paedophiles to groom children;
- as the base for the organisation of criminal activity, particularly by gangs;
- for the organisation of racist activity or the promotion of racist attacks;
- for employing a person who is disqualified from that work by reason of their immigration status in the UK;
- for unlawful gambling; and
- for the sale or storage of smuggled tobacco and alcohol.

11.28 It is envisaged that licensing authorities, the police, the Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) and other law enforcement agencies, which are responsible authorities, will use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime. Where reviews arise and the licensing authority determines that the crime prevention objective is being undermined through the premises being used to further crimes, it is expected that revocation of the licence – even in the first instance – should be seriously considered.

8. Conclusion

The LPSPO Sub Committee is obliged to determine this application with a view to promoting the four licensing objectives, which are:

- The prevention of crime and disorder;
- Public safety;
- The prevention of public nuisance
- The protection of children from harm.

In making its decision, the Sub Committee is obliged to have regard to national guidance and the Council's own Statement of Licensing Policy, as well as giving full consideration to all of the written representations made and the evidence that it has heard in relation to this application

The Sub-Committee must then take such of the following steps (if any) as it considers appropriate for the promotion of the four licensing objectives:

- (a) to modify the conditions of the licence;
- (b) to exclude a licensable activity from the scope of the licence;
- (c) to remove the designated premises supervisor;
- (d) to suspend the licence for a period not exceeding three months;
- (e) to revoke the licence;

and for this purpose the conditions of the licence are modified if any of them is altered or omitted or any new condition is added.

In making their decision the Sub Committee is reminded that they have a duty to behave impartially and that their decision must be based on the evidence that has been presented to them. In their written decision the Sub Committee should:

- · Refer to every relevant representation and the supporting evidence provided
- State the extent to which it has taken account of RBWM Policy and national guidance
- When deciding in accordance with RBWM Policy and national guidance, explain why it has not considered a departure justified, if applicable
- When deciding contrary to RBWM Policy or national guidance, explain the basis and reason for the departure in all cases and the evidence that supported this decision
- When refusing an application in whole or in part, or modifying the activities and/or the hours and/or the conditions to a licence that is granted, state why it considered it appropriate to do so in order to promote one or more specified licencing objectives, and the evidence that supported this decision. Any such decision must be cogent and legally sound
- Use the legal adviser's help to draught its reasons and to assist in ensuring that the decision is legally robust, but the reasons must be the Sub Committee's
- Ensure, as far as is reasonably possible, that their decision will be able to withstand scrutiny should any of the parties to this hearing appeal that decision the to the Magistrates Court

The Sub Committee is reminded that any party to the hearing may appeal against its decision to the Magistrates Court within 21 days of the notification of that decision.

The Sub Committee is asked to determine the application

Appendices:

Appendix A – Premises licence

Appendix B – Application to review the premises licence

Appendix C – Map of the surrounding area

Appendix D – Review Pack Appendix E – Photos of notices

Background papers:

Licensing Act 2003, found at https://www.legislation.gov.uk/ukpga/2003/17/contents

RBWM Statement of Licensing Policy 2021-2026, found at https://www.rbwm.gov.uk/sites/default/files/2021-07/licensing_policy_statement.pdf

Licensing Act 2003 s182 Statutory Guidance, found at Revised Guidance issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 (publishing.service.gov.uk)

Preventing illegal working in licenced premises and the Home Office role as a responsible authority in England and Wales Version 2.0 found at https://preventing_illegal_working_in_licenced_premises_and_the_Home_Office_role_as_a_responsible_authority_in_England_and_Wales.pdf

Financial implications: None directly but Members should be aware that any decision of the Sub-Committee may be appealed against in the Magistrates' Court and such an appeal may involve additional costs and possible costs against the Council.

Environmental/Sustainability Implications: Any authorisation under the Licensing Act 2003 may give rise to environmental implications both positive and negative depending upon the application and any measures proposed to take control adverse environmental factors. However, in the case of this application, there are no specific environmental or sustainability implications.

Legal implications: As outlined in the report.

Equality Implications: None.

Risk Implications: None.

Community Safety Implications: As outlined in the evidence submitted to this

hearing.

Report Author / Officer Reporting

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Tel: 07833 047887

APPENDIX A

LOCAL AUTHORITY

The Royal Borough of Windsor and Maidenhead Town Hall St Ives Road Maidenhead E

Maidenhead SL6 1RF
Tel: 01628 683840 www.rbwm.gov.uk



Part 1 Promises Datails

POSTAL ADDRESS OF PREMISES, OR IF NONE, ORDNANCE SURVEY MAP REFERENCE OR DESCRIPTION

Bell and Bottle

228 Bath Road Maidenhead SL6 3RX

WHERE THE LICENCE IS TIME LIMITED BY THE DATES

Date Issued: Not applicable

LICENSABLE ACTIVITIES AND TIMES THE LICENCE AUTHORISES THE CARRYING OUT OF THOSE

ACTIVITIES			
Activity, Location and Area if Applicable	<u>Description</u>	From – To	
F. Playing of Recorded Music (Indoors	·)		
	Monday to Saturday	10:00 - 00:20	
	Sunday	12:00 - 23:50	
	The reproduction of wireless (including television) broadcasts [or programmincluded in any programme service (within the meaning of the Broadcasting A 1990) other than a sound or television broadcasting service], or of pubentertainment by way of music and singing only which is provided solely by the reproduction of recorded sound is permitted at such time as the premises a open in accordance with section O.		
M. Supply of alcohol (Both) consumed E	BOTH on and off Premises		
	Monday to Saturday	10:00 - 00:00	
	Sunday	12:00 - 23:30	

THE OPENING HOURS OF THE PREMISES

Day Time From – To

 Monday
 07:00 - 00:20

 Tuesday
 07:00 - 00:20

 Wednesday
 07:00 - 00:20

 Thursday
 07:00 - 00:20

 Friday
 07:00 - 00:20

 Saturday
 07:00 - 23:50

 Sunday
 07:00 - 23:50

WHERE THE LICENCE AUTHORISES SUPPLIES OF ALCOHOL WHETHER THESE ARE ON AND/OR OFF SUPPLIES

Alcohol is supplied for consumption both ON and OFF the Premises

PREMISES LICENCE
Ar Surinder Kumar Rajput
REGISTERED NUMBER OF HOLDER, FOR EXAMPLE COMPANY NUMBER, CHARITY NUMBER (WHERE APPLICABLE)
IAME, ADDRESS AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF DESIGNATED PREMISES SUPERVISOR WHERE THE PREMISES LICENCE AUTHORISES FOR THE SUPPLY OF ALCOHOL
Sachin Rajput
PERSONAL LICENCE NUMBER AND ISSUING AUTHORITYOF PERSONAL LICENCE HELD BY DESIGNATED
REMISES SUPERVISOR WHERE THE PREMISES LICENCE AUTHORISES FOR THE SUPPLY OF ALCOHOL
icence No: Licensing Authority: Buckingham Council

NAME, (REGISTERED) ADDRESS, TELEPHONE NUMBER AND EMAIL (WHERE RELEVANT) OF HOLDER OF

ANNEX 1 – Mandatory Conditions

- * No supply of alcohol may be made under the premises licence:
- i. at a time when there is no designated premises supervisor in respect of the premises licence, or
- ii. at a time when the designated premises supervisor does not hold a personal licence or his personal licence is suspended.

Every supply of alcohol under the premises licence must be made or authorised by a person who holds a personal licence.

- * 1) The responsible person must ensure that staff on relevant premises do not carry out, arrange or participate in any irresponsible promotions in relation to the premises.
- 2) In this paragraph, an irresponsible promotion means any one or more of the following activities, or substantially similar activities, carried on for the purpose of encouraging the sale or supply of alcohol for consumption on the premises-
- (a) games or other activities which require or encourage, or are designed to require or encourage, individuals to-
- i. drink a quantity of alcohol within a time limit (other than to drink alcohol sold or supplied on the premises before the cessation of the period in which the responsible person is authorised to sell or supply alcohol), or
- ii. drink as much alcohol as possible (whether within a time limit or otherwise)
- (b) provision of unlimited or unspecified quantities of alcohol free or for a fixed or discounted fee to the public or to a group defined by a particular characteristic in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;
- (c) provision of free or discounted alcohol or any other thing as a prize to encourage or reward the purchase and consumption of alcohol over a period of 24 hours or less in a manner which carries a significant risk of undermining a licensing objective;
- (d) selling or supplying alcohol in association with promotional posters or flyers on, or in the vicinity of, the premises which can reasonably be considered to condone, encourage or glamorise anti-social behaviour or to refer to the effects of drunkenness in any favourable manner.
- (e) dispensing alcohol directly by one person into the mouth of another (other than where that other person is unable to drink without assistance by reason of disability).
- * The responsible person must ensure that free potable water is provided on request to customers where it is reasonably available.
- * (1) The premises licence holder or club premises certificate holder shall ensure that an age verification policy applies to the premises in relation to the sale or supply of alcohol.
- (2) The designated premises supervisor in relation to the premises licence must ensure that the supply of alcohol at the premises is carried on in accordance with the age verification policy
- (3) The policy must require individuals who appear to the responsible person to be under 18 years of age (or such older age as may be specified in the policy) to produce on request, before being served alcohol, identification bearing their photograph date of birth and either -
- (a) a holographic mark, or
- (b) an ultraviolet feature.
- * The responsible person shall ensure that -
- (a) Where any of the following alcoholic drinks is sold or supplied for consumption on the premises (other than alcoholic drinks sold or supplied having been made up in advance ready for sale or supply in a securely closed container) it is available in the following measures -
- (i) beer or cider: 1/2 pint;
- (ii) gin, rum, vodka or whisky: 25ml or 35ml; and
- (iii) still wine in a glass: 125ml; and
- (b) these measures are displayed in a menu, price list or other printed material which is available to customers on the premises, and
- (c) where a customer does not in relation to a sale of alcohol specify the quantity of alcohol to be sold, the customer is made aware that these measures are available.

A responsible person in relation to a licensed premises means the holder of the premise licence in respect of the premises, the designated premises supervisor (if any) or any individual aged 18 or over

who is authorised by either the licence holder or designated premises supervisor. For premises with a club premises certificate, any member or officer of the club present on the premises in a capacity that which enables him to prevent the supply of alcohol.

- * 1) A relevant person shall ensure that no alcohol is sold or supplied for consumption on or off the premises for a price which is less than the permitted price.
 - 2) For the purpose of the condition set out in paragraph 1 -
- (a) "duty" is to be construed in accordance with the Alcoholic Liquor Duties Act 1979
- (b) "permitted price" is the price found by applying the formula -

P = D + (DxV)

where -

- i) P is the permitted price.
- ii) D is the amount of duty chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the duty were charged in relation to the alcohol as if the duty were charged on the date for the sale or supply of the alcohol and
- iii) V is the rate of value added tax chargeable in relation to the alcohol as if the value added tax were charged on the date if the sale or supply of the alcohol.
- (c) "relevant person" means, in relation to the premises in respect of which there is in force a premises licence -
- i) the holder of the premises licence.
- ii) the designated premises supervisor.
- iii) the personal licence holder who makes or authorises a supply of alcohol under such a licence;
- (d) "relevant person" means, in relation to premises in respect of which there is in force a club premises certificate, any member or officer of the club present on the premises in a capacity which enables the member or officer to prevent the supply in question; and
- (e) "value added tax" means value added tax charged in accordance with the Value Added Tax Act 1994.
- * 3) Where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 would (apart from this paragraph) not be a whole number of pennies, the price given by that sub-paragraph shall be taken to be the price actually given by that sub-paragraph rounded up to the nearest penny.
- * (1) Sub-paragraph (2) applies where the permitted price given by Paragraph (b) of paragraph 2 on a day ("the first day") would be different from the permitted price on the next day ("the second day") as a result of a charge to the rate of duty or value added tax.
- (2) The permitted price which would apply on the first day applies to sales or supplies of alcohol which take place before the expiry of the period of 14 days beginning on the second day.
- * Any individual employed to carryout a security activity must be licensed by the Security Industry Authority (SIA).
- * Admission of children is restricted in accordance with the recommendation by the British Board of Film Classification. If the film has not been classified the restriction of children must be approved by the Licensing Authority. (Children means any person under 18 years).

ANNEX 2 - Conditions consistent with Operating Schedule

General Licensing Objectives

Staff training will be provided, to ensure that licence conditions are met at all times.

A training log will be kept and made available to authorised officers upon request.

There will be adequate staff to remain compliant at all times.

Prevention of Crime and Disorder

CCTV will be in operation at the premises, with recordings being provided to authorised officers upon request.

An appropriate number of staff will be in place for functions at the premises.

Public Safety

The premises and surrounding car park will remain well lit during trading hours.

Health and safety systems will be in place to deal with emergencies appropriately.

A log book will be kept for health and safety issues and made available to authorised officers upon request.

Prevention of Public Nuisance

Noise levels will be monitored continuously, supplemented by the noise limiting equipment installed at the premises.

Staff will ensure responsible drinking by customers and encourage customers to be considerate of neighbours,

Staff will monitor the car parks at closing time, to ensure that there is no excessive noise when customers are leaving.

Protection of Children from Harm

The premises will operate a Challenge 25 policy, requiring suitable ID to be shown to purchase alcoholic drinks.

Staff training will be provided to ensure that they aware of the Challenge 25 policy and follow the correct procedures.

A refusal log will be kept and made available to authorised officers upon request.

ANNEX 3 - Conditions attached after a hearing by the Licensing Panel

ANNEX 4 – Plans See Attached Plans

Chelin

Greg Nelson

Trading Standards & Licensing Manager

<u>APPENDIX B</u>

[Insert name and address of relevant licensing authority and its reference number (optional)]

Application for the review of a premises licence or club premises certificate under the Licensing Act 2003

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS FIRST

Before completing this form please read the guidance notes at the end of the form. If you are completing this form by hand please write legibly in block capitals. In all cases ensure that your answers are inside the boxes and written in black ink. Use additional sheets if necessary. You may wish to keep a copy of the completed form for your records.

I Caroline LAIRD	
(Insert name of applicant) Apply for the review of a premises licence und premises described in Part 1 below	ler section 51 of the Licensing Act 2003 for the
Part 1 – Premises or club premises details	
Postal address of premises or, if none, ordnan	ce survey map reference or description
THE BELL AND BOTTLE IN MAIDENHEAD, Bath Road	
Post town Maidenhead	Post code (if known) SL6 3RX
Name of premises licence holder or club holdi	ng club premises certificate (if known)
Mr Surinder Kumar Rajput	
Number of premises licence or club premises of	certificate (if known)
PL051203	(12 1110) 12
Part 2 - Applicant details	
I am	Please tick ✓ yes
1) an individual, body or business which is not a authority (please read guidance note 1, and comp or (B) below)	•
2) a responsible authority (please complete (C) be	elow)
3) a member of the club to which this application (please complete (A) below)	relates

(A) DETAILS OF INDIVIDUAL APPLICANT (fill in as applicable)

Please tick ✓ yes			
Mr Mrs Miss M	Other title (for example, Rev)		
Surname	First names		
I am 18 years old or over	Please tick ✓ yes		
Current postal address if different from premises address			
Post town	Post Code		
Daytime contact telephone number			
E-mail address (optional)			
(B) DETAILS OF OTHER APPLICANT			
Name and address			
Telephone number (if any)			
E-mail address (optional)			

(C) DETAILS OF RESPONSIBLE AUTHORITY APPLICANT

Name and address			
Immigration Officer Caroline LAIRD			
Telephone number (if any)			
E-mail address (optional)			
This application to review relates to the following licensing objective(s)			
Please tick one or more boxes ✓ 1) the prevention of crime and disorder 2) public safety 3) the prevention of public nuisance 4) the protection of children from harm			
Please state the ground(s) for review (please read guidance note 2)			
One of the licensing objectives which underpins the Licensing Act 2003 is the prevention of crime and disorder and all operators are expected to take steps to promote the licensing objectives. Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) believe Mr Surinder Kumar Rajput is not preventing crime and disorder and therefore should no longer be allowed to hold a premises licence. Mr Surinder Kumar Rajput is using his Hospitality businesses to employ illegal workers which is strictly prohibited under the Licensing Act 2003 and Immigration Act 1971(aa).			
Employing illegal workers in the UK has the following impact on the community and society as a whole:-			
 It deprives HMRC and the Government of revenue by non-payment of tax and national insurance. It exploits the undocumented by paying them less than the minimum wage and provides no employment or income protection. It encourages other overstayers / illegals to seek similar work. It allows a business to unfairly undercut other businesses by employing cheap labour. Illegal workers are often housed in cramped and unsatisfactory conditions by the employer as part of their working arrangement. 			

Please provide as much information as possible to support the application (please read guidance note 3)

The Bell and Bottle is in the town of Maidenhead, Berkshire.

The premises has a licence to sell Alcohol between the hours of 1000-0000 Monday to Saturday and between 1200-2330 Sunday.

On the 15th June 2023 Immigration Officers from the South Central Immigration Enforcement team alongside attended the address after receiving allegations of Illegal Working taking place at the address.

Entry was gained at the premises at 17:41 under Section 179 of the Licensing Act 2003.

6 people who were identified as being employees at the address were spoken to by Immigration Officers. Home Office checks were conducted and 4 of the 6 people were all identified as having the right to work.

The other 2 were found to be working illegally, with one overstaying his granted period of leave in the UK and one working in breach of his visa restrictions. Both were fully interviewed by Immigration Officers and admitted to working at the establishment.

Mr Rajput was unavailable to speak to at the time of the visit, however the manager was asked questions regarding the 2 males. The manager confirmed that they both work at the address.

1 of the employees with no right to work stated that he showed no documentation to take up employment and that Raj offered him the job when he attended his Gurdwara. He also stated that Raj is aware that he has no right to work in the UK.

The other employee is currently in the UK with a valid student visa restricting him to work 20 hours per week in term time. (Immigration Officers attended The Bell and Bottle during term time.) He stated that he showed his BRP to Raj (which clearly states work is restricted to 20 hours per week in term time), and that he works 35 hours per week regardless of it being term time or not.

The illegal working identified at the address resulted in a Civil Penalty Referral Notice being issued and has determined that there is clear evidence of illegal working taking place resulting in a £20,000 fine.

It appears to be that Mr Rajput is showing disregard to complying with the Licencing Act 2023 in his recruitment processes. He is employing people knowing that they have no right to work in the UK and allowing them to work over their permitted hours.

Revised Home Office guidance issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 – December 2022 states:

11.26 Where the licensing authority is conducting a review on the grounds that the premises have been used for criminal purposes, its role is solely to determine what steps should be taken in connection with the premises licence, for the promotion of the crime prevention objective. It is important to recognise that certain criminal activity or associated problems may be taking place or have taken place despite the best efforts of the licence holder and the staff working at the premises and despite full compliance with the conditions attached to the licence. In such circumstances, the licensing authority is still empowered to take any appropriate steps to remedy the problems. The licensing authority's duty is to take steps with a view to the promotion of the licensing objectives and the prevention of illegal working in the interests of the wider community and not those of the individual licence holder.

11.27 There is certain criminal activity that may arise in connection with licensed premises which should be treated particularly seriously. These are the use of the licensed premises:
ullet for employing a person who is disqualified from that work by reason of their immigration status in the UK ;
11.28 It is envisaged that licensing authorities, the police, the Home Office (Immigration Enforcement) and other law enforcement agencies, which are responsible authorities, will use the review procedures effectively to deter such activities and crime. Where reviews arise and the licensing authority determines that the crime prevention objective is being undermined through the premises being used to further crimes, it is expected that revocation of the licence – even in the first instance – should be seriously considered.

Have you made an application for review relating to the premises before	
If yes please state the date of that application	Day Month Year
If you have made representations before relating to the pand when you made them	premises please state what they were

•	I have sent copies of this form and enclosures to the responsible authorities and the premises licence holder or club holding the club premises certificate,	
	as appropriate	
•	I understand that if I do not comply with the above requirements my	\boxtimes
	application will be rejected	

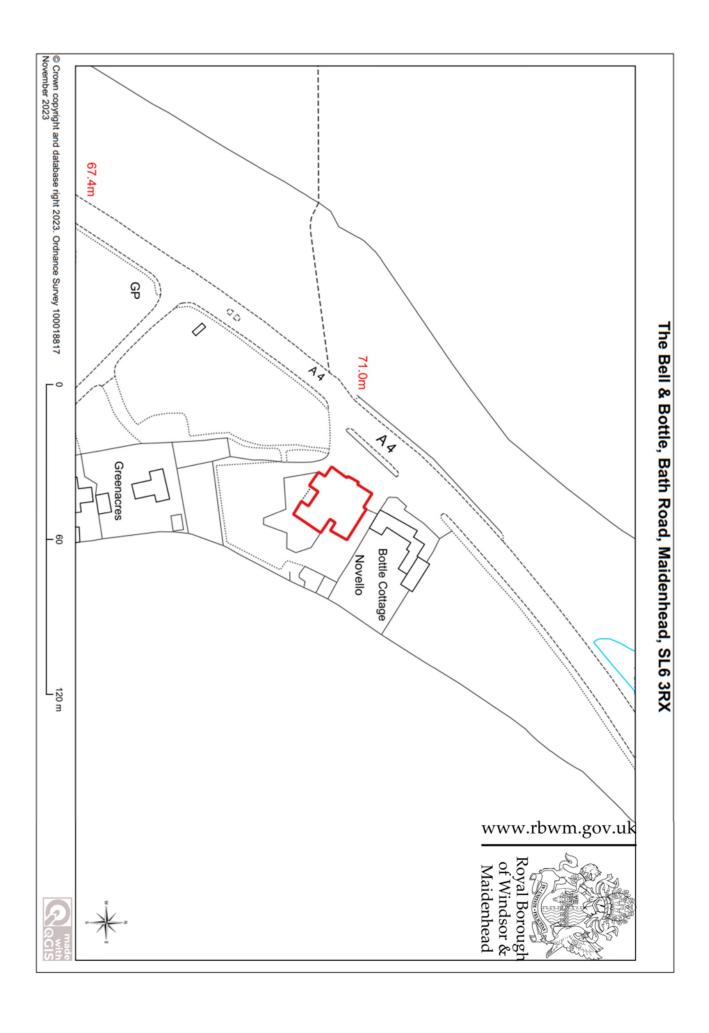
IT IS AN OFFENCE, UNDER SECTION 158 OF THE LICENSING ACT 2003, TO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT IN OR IN CONNECTION WITH THIS APPLICATION. THOSE WHO MAKE A FALSE STATEMENT MAY BE LIABLE ON SUMMARY CONVICTION TO A FINE OF ANY AMOUNT.

Part 3 – Signatures (please read guidance note 4)

Signature of applicant or applicant's solicitor or other duly authorised agent (please read guidance note 5). **If signing on behalf of the applicant please state in what capacity.**

Signature				
Date	17.10.2023			
Capacity	Capacity Immigration Enforcement (Home Office)			
	nme (where not previously given) an with this application (please read gu	d postal address for correspondence idance note 6)		
Post town		Post Code		
Telephone	number (if any)			
If you would prefer us to correspond with you using an e-mail address your e-mail address (optional)				

APPENDIX C



APPENDIX D



Premises Licence Review

The Bell and Bottle 228 Bath Road Maidenhead Berkshire SL6 3RX

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Case Summary

On Thursday 15 June 2023, the South Central ICE team carried out an illegal working visit to The Bell and Bottle in Maidenhead, as intelligence had been received stating that there were people employed with no right to work in the UK.

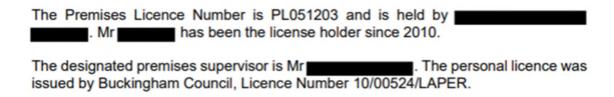
The team entered the premises at 17:41, entry was gained under Section 179 of the Licencing Act 2003.

Six members of staff were at the premises as well as the manager. Two workers were found to have no right to work in the UK, they were arrested and taken into immigration custody.

All police and immigration officers had left the premises by 20:00.

An illegal working referral notice was served to the manager and has resulted in a £20,000 civil penalty being issued.

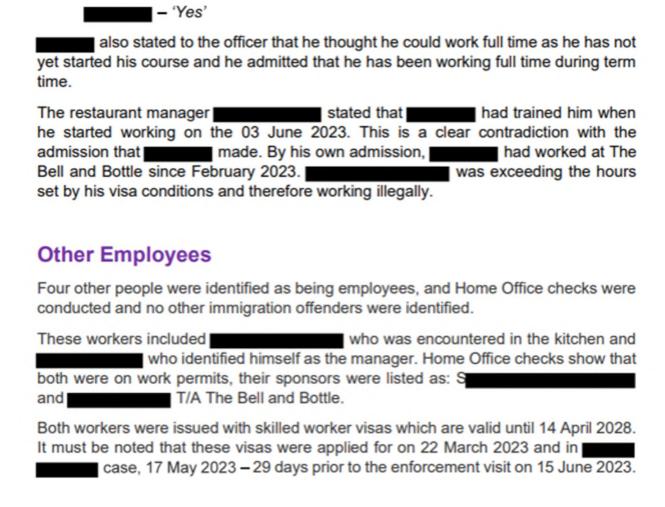
Licenced Premises History



Enforcement Visit: 15 June 2023

Entry was gained at the premises at 17:41 under Section 179 of the Licensing Act 2003. Upon entry to the premises the following workers were encountered and interviewed thoroughly in regards to their position at the premises:





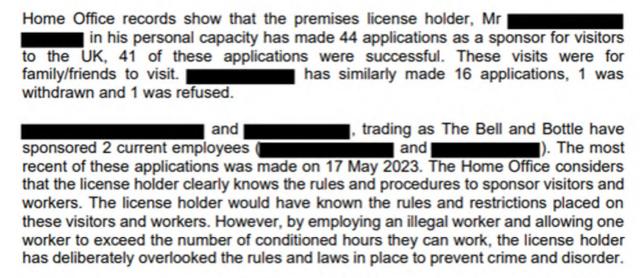
'Did he check your documents to see if you can work?'

Reasons for Review

Section 36 and Schedule 4 of the Immigration Act 2016 amended the Licensing Act 2003 to introduce immigration safeguards in respect of licensing applications made in England and Wales on or after 06 April 2017. The intention is to prevent illegal working in premises licensed for the sale of alcohol or late-night refreshment.

There were two illegal workers encountered at the premises at the time Immigration Enforcement attended, both have admitted to working at the premises and confirming the person responsible for employing them and setting their duties for their shifts.

Right to work checks have not been carried out as required to do so before employment commences, and visa restrictions have been ignored.



It is an offence to work when a person is disqualified to do so, and such an offence can only be committed with the co-operation of a premises licence holder or its agents.

Section 182 guidance at point 11.27 states that certain activity should be treated particularly seriously, and this includes employing someone who is disqualified from that work by reason of their immigration status in the UK. Point 11.28 of the guidance states that it is expected that revocation of the licence – even in the first instance – should be seriously considered. This is available on GOV.UK: Revised Guidance issued under section 182 of the Licensing Act 2003 (publishing.service.gov.uk)

Immigration Enforcement submits that for commercial reasons those engaged in the management of the premises employed an illegal worker and a warning or other activity falling short of a review is inappropriate; therefore, Immigration Enforcement has proceeded straight to review.

Outcome Sought

The objective of the Licensing Act 2003 (the Act) is to provide a clear, transparent framework for making decisions about applications by individuals or businesses wishing to sell or supply alcohol or provide certain types of regulated entertainment and late-night refreshment.

There are four licensing objectives which underpin the Act, and which need to be taken into account and promoted throughout the licensing process.

The licensing objectives are:

- the prevention of crime and disorder
- public safety
- · the prevention of public nuisance and
- the protection of children from harm

The business knows the rules around immigration as the license holder has previously sponsored visitors and workers to the UK. ICE officers evidenced that the business had employed two illegal workers. The business could have avoided this review should it have conducted and acted upon the proper right to work checks, however they chose to conduct a two-tier approach to right to work checks.

Conducting these checks is a simple task and should be part of their business-asusual practices. Guidance is available online and the Home Office have published "Right to work checks: an employer's quide" which can be found on the GOV.UK website. Additional information on how to conduct these checks is available online, this includes the Home Office's official YouTube page which gives a step-by-step video on how to conduct the checks. The information is readily available; however, the license holder has disregarded the rules and laws in place to prevent crime and disorder.

The use of illegal labour provides an unfair competitive edge and deprives the UK economy of tax revenue. Illegal workers are often paid below the minimum wage (itself an offence) and National Insurance payments are not paid. A key draw for illegal immigration is work and low-skilled migrants are increasingly vulnerable to exploitation by criminal enterprises; finding themselves in sub-standard accommodation and toiling in poor working conditions for long hours for remuneration below the National Minimum Wage.

A firm response to this criminal behaviour is required to ensure that the licence holder and/or its agents are not allowed to repeat the exercise and in particular, in the interests of the wider community to support responsible businesses and the jobs of both UK citizens and lawful migrants. It is also required to act as a deterrent to others who would otherwise seek to seek an unfair competitive advantage, exploit workers and deny work to the local community, evade the payment of income tax and (unlawfully) inflate their profits to the expense of others.

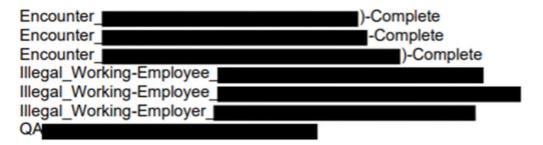
The license holder or the business exercising the rights granted by the possession of a licence, should be aware of their responsibilities to uphold the licensing objectives

as they are clearly defined as part of the premises license application, i.e. the right to work checks and keeping records for audit purposes.

Merely remedying the existing situation (for instance by the imposition of additional conditions or a suspension) is insufficient to act as a deterrent to the licence holder and other premises' licence holders from engaging in criminal activity by employing illegal workers and facilitating disqualified immigrants to work illegally. Immigration Enforcement asks that the premises licence is revoked.

This submission and appended documents provide the licensing subcommittee with background arguments and information pertinent to that contention. These provide the sub-committee with a sound and defensible rationale as to why it should revoke the licence.

Annex A - officer records



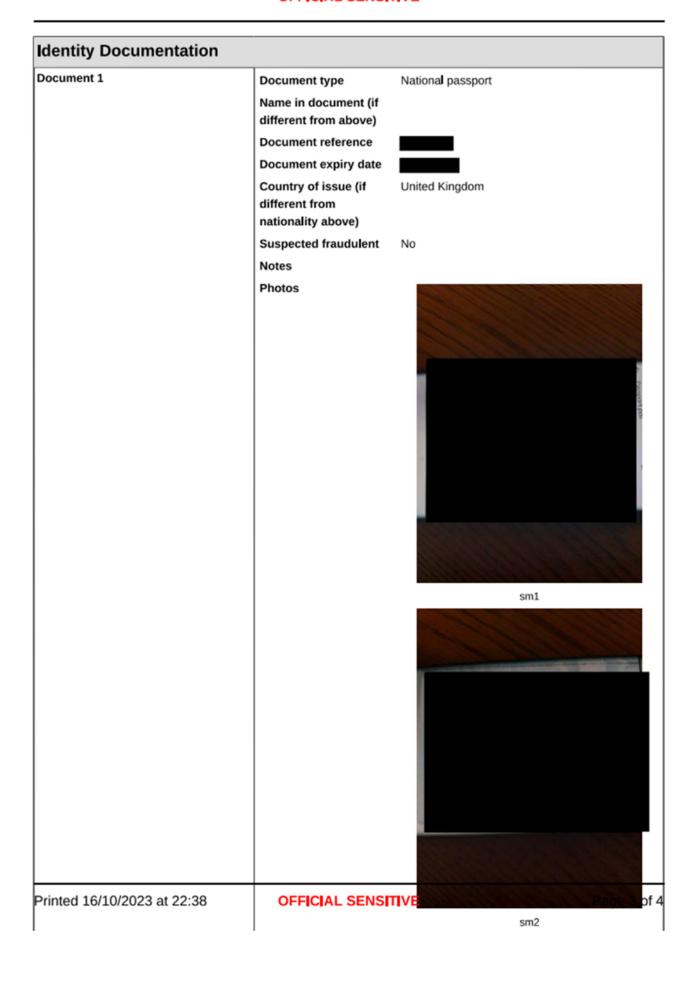
Encounter		
Details		
Type of work	Visit	
Visit reference		
Created by		
ProntoID		
Time	17:47	
Created at geolocation	Easting 482771	
	Northing 180000	
Creation date	15-06-2023 17:47:53	
Chosen Identity		
Identity source/type	Declared	
Name		
DOB		
Gender	Male	
Nationality	India	
Languages		
Languages spoken	English	
Interpreter used?	No	
Encounter		
Encountering officer		
Is this encounter related to a Small Boats event?	No	
Is this person the subject of the visit?	No	
Do you suspect an immigration offence?	Yes	
Why do you suspect the person of an immigration offence?	Intel states that there are illgeal workers present at the premises. Upon entering the premises this individual was at the front of the premises and he matched the Intel.	
Declared immigration status	Has a valid visa	
How and when did the subject last enter the UK?	I last entered on 3rd June 2023 from India	
Do you know the subject's CIDPID/ CEPR?	No	

Are there any vulnerabilities/ trafficking/safeguarding issues?	No	
Is the subject considered a 'rough sleeper'?	No	
Where in the premises was the subject located?	Located inside the premis	es
Are you taking enforcement action?	No	
References (Person ID, HO Ref, Port Ref, BRP)		
Biographic search results	Systems checked	Person Check, Atlas
	Result of checks	Match - had a valid visa until 14/04/2028
	Status returned by system checks	
Identity Documentation		
Document 1	Document type	
	Name in document (if different from above)	
	Document reference	
	Document expiry date	
	Country of issue (if different from	
	nationality above)	
	Suspected fraudulent	
	Notes	
	Photos	
Notes		
Individual showed me a sponsorship form	on his phone that shows th	nat he is being sponsored by the restaurant.

Encounter		
Details		
Type of work	Visit	
Visit reference		
Created by		
ProntolD		
Time	17:45	
Created at geolocation	Easting	482784
	Northing	179940
Creation date	15-06-2023 17:53:06	
Chosen Identity		
Identity source/type	Declared	
Name		
DOB		
Gender	Ma l e	
Nationality	India	
Languages		
Languages spoken	Punjabi	
Interpreter used?	Yes	
Interpreter details		
Does the individual understand the interpreter?	Yes	
Encounter		
Encountering officer		
Is this encounter related to a Small Boats event?	No	
Is this person the subject of the visit?	No	
Do you suspect an immigration offence?	Yes	
Why do you suspect the person of an immigration offence?	,	why they were here and after a person check ayed their VISA which was confirmed by support.
Declared immigration status	Came into the UK with a vi	sa which expirEd in 2014
How and when did the subject last enter the UK?	Entered in 2010, Heathrow	Airport by plane.

Encounter		
Details		
Type of work	Visit	
Visit reference		
Created by		
ProntoID		
Time	17:41	
Created at geolocation	Easting 482771	
	Northing 180001	
Creation date	15-06-2023 17:51:16	
Chosen Identity		
Identity source/type	Biographic	
Name		
DOB		
Gender	маје	
Nationality	India	
Languages		
Languages spoken	English	
Interpreter used?	No	
Encounter		
Encountering officer		
Is this encounter related to a Small Boats event?	No	
Is this person the subject of the visit?	No	
Do you suspect an immigration offence?	Yes	
Why do you suspect the person of an immigration offence?	Subject fits the intel in relation to Indian national working on premises, subject was on main floor near bar and stated he works here	
Declared immigration status	Student	
How and when did the subject last enter the UK?	Jan 2023	
Do you know the subject's CIDPID/ CEPR?	Yes	
CIDPID/CEPR		

Are there any vulnerabilities/ trafficking/safeguarding issues?	No	
Is the subject considered a 'rough sleeper'?	No	
Where in the premises was the subject located?	Restaurant floor	
Are you taking enforcement action?	Yes	
References (Person ID, HO Ref, Port Ref, BRP)		
Biographic search results	Systems checked	CID, Person Check, Atlas, Security checks
	Result of checks	Confirm valid student
	Status returned by system checks	



Notes	
No notes entered.	
Management Checks Complete	
Date management checks complete	20-06-2023 14:53:45
Reviewer(s)	

Illegal Working - Employee		
Details		
Type of work	Visit	
Visit reference	EV19-870,452	
Created by		
ProntolD		
Subject CIDPID/CEPR		
Subject name		
Subject DOB		
Subject nationality	India	
Subject gender	Male	
Time	18:27	
Created at geolocation	Easting 482768	
	Northing 180011	
Creation date	15-06-2023 18:27:41	
Language of Interview		
What language is the interview carried out in?	Punjabi	
Interpreter used?	Yes	
Details of interpreter		
Does the individual understand the interpreter?	Yes	
Obligation		
How long have you been working at this business?	3 years	
What is your job role/ what are your duties?	Kitchen and cooking	
What days! hours do you work each week?	6 days 3am till 22:00	
Do you work the same hours/ days every week?	Yes	
Control		
Who gave you this job (name and role in business)?	The boss. The boss is	

Who tells you what days/ hours to work?	Manager. Managers name is
Who tells you what tasks/ duties to do each day?	The owner,
Remuneration	
How are you paid (money, accommodation, food)?	Cash pay
how much do you receive?	£400 weekly
Who pays you?	The owner
Do you pay income tax or have a National Insurance number?	No no
Pre-employment Checks	
What name does know you as?	Kulwant
Did check your right to work or immigration status before they offered you the job?	No
Did you show documents or share a code with to prove your right to work before being offered the job? If so, what did you show and were they originals?	I just met him at the guradja and he said to come and work for him
Does know you're not allowed to work in the UK?	Yes he knows
Additional Questions	
who in the blue shirt	That is
who's the people names at the bar?	One and and
have you worked for anyone else?	Yes colin brook
what he work as in Colinbrook?	Building work
does he know who hired him to work in construction in colin brook	In the guardja
has he worked anywhere else than the construction or here?	Grindem a company
did he travel here specifically to work in the UK?	Yes
do you send money back to India? if yes how much and how?	Just about support myself and pay my rent
do you have any debts to pay in India?	No

do many people offer work at this guardja?	Yes you'll find work there
what gurdja do you go to?	Rexham slough
does he have the details of the people who offered him these jobs?	No it's just Face to face
Photographs	
No photographs.	
Declaration	
I confirm that I have understood all the que	estions and that the details are true and correct.
Interviewee signature (

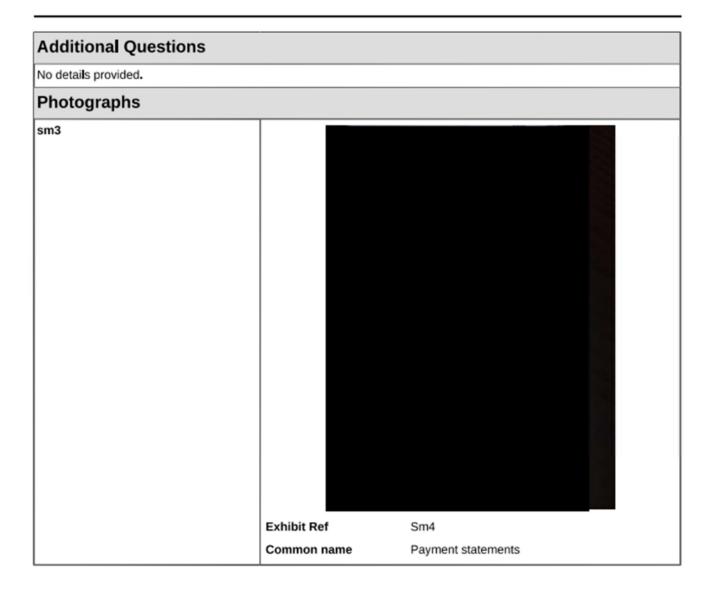
Observations

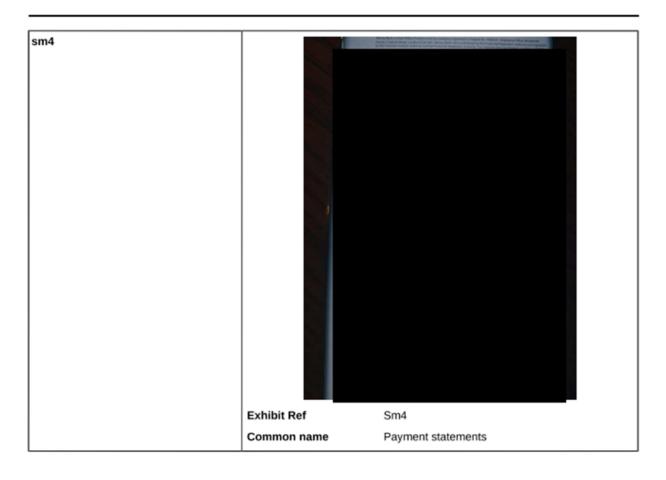
Observations	He was seen coming out of the kitchen and admitted to myself that he was
	working
Do you suspect this person of illegal	Yes
working?	

15-06-2023 18:45:22

Illegal Working - Employ	ree	
Details		
Type of work	Visit	
Visit reference		
Created by		
ProntoID		
Subject CIDPID/CEPR		
Subject name		
Subject DOB		
Subject nationality	India	
Subject gender	Male	
Time	18:41	
Created at geolocation	Easting 482768	
	Northing 180007	
Creation date	15-06-2023 18:43:03	
Language of Interview		
What language is the interview carried out in?	English	
Interpreter used?	No	
Obligation		
how long have you worked in this pub?	Feb 2023	
how many days since Feb do you work a week?	4 days week since feb	
how many hours have you worked in those 4 days a week?	35 hours per week since feb, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and the weekends especially if there are parties	
how much do you get paid per month?	233 a week	
What is your job role/ what are your duties?	Serving customer food and alcohol	
did you train how to operate the tills and work the bar?	Yes he came here two weeks more so tills and serve	
did who also works here states you work for last 6 months serving full time 5 days a week?	Yes I work full time	

	·
do you get paid in cash or card ?	Yes weekly by card but from Feb 2023 when I started cash in hand and then weekly bacs from April 2023
who pays you?	, he is owner
how did he recruit you?	He got my number fro. A Office licence where I gave my number.
did he check you documents to see if you can work?	Yes
are you allowed to work on visa conditions full time ? especially term time	I thought I could as I am on holiday as dont start till September
but your visa conditions continue and you have worked full time during term time ?	Yes
Control	
Who recruited you?	
Remuneration	
did he give you food ?	Yes when I worked here
Pre-employment Checks	
did sk rajput check your ppt? and visa	Yes





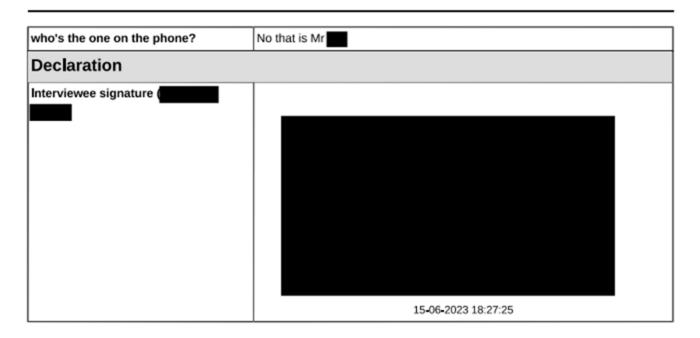
Illegal Working - Employer		
Details		
Type of work	Visit	
Visit reference		
Created by		
ProntolD		
Subject CIDPID/CEPR	Unknown	
Employer		
Subject DOB		
Subject nationality	India	
Subject gender	Male	
Time	18:49	
Created at geolocation	Easting 482770	
	Northing 179999	
Creation date	15-06-2023 18:49:10	
Language of Interview		
What language is the interview carried out in?	English	
Interpreter used?	No	
Employer Details		
What is the name of the business?	Bell and bottle.	
If the business is owned by a company what is the name of the company?	ROLSON	
What are the Companies House and VAT numbers of the business?	Not available at present all at head office.	
What is your position here?	Restaurant manager	

Declaration by Employer confirm that I have understood all the questions and that the details are true and correct. Signed by 15-06-2023 19:19:39 Employee -Known to employer as Obligation How long has the employee been Don't know working at this business? What is their job role/ duties? Kitchen porter What days/ hours do they work each 20 per week in the evening. week? Are their days! hours the same every Yes. week? how long have you worked here as a 3.06.23 started here I have no information as I have had no dealings with the manager recruitment. Control Who gave the employee this job? Head office I do Who tells them what days and hours to work? Who tells them what tasks or duties to I do perforrm each day? Where are the employee records? Head office Remuneration What is the employee given in return They get paid in the bank account for their tasks and duties? If the payment includes money, how I don't know much is paid?

	Y	
Who pays this employee?	Headoffice	
How is this employee paid – cash, bank transfer?	Pay slip	
Does HMRC know that this employee works at your business?	I don't know	
Pre-employment Checks		
Did you check the right to work or immigration status before you offered the employee the job?	I don't know	
Did the employee share a digital code with you to enable you to check their right to work in the UK?	I don't know I started approx 2 weeks ago	
Did you ask to see any documents from the employee to demonstrate their right to work in the UK?	I don't know	
When did you last check the employee's employment status?	I don't know	
Did you know that the employee was not allowed to work in the UK?	I don't know	
Employee -		
Known to employer as		
Obligation		
Obligation		
How long has the employee been working at this business?	I don't know.	
How long has the employee been	I don't know. Kitchen porter / waiter	
How long has the employee been working at this business?		
How long has the employee been working at this business? What is their job role/ duties? What days/ hours do they work each	Kitchen porter / waiter	
How long has the employee been working at this business? What is their job role/ duties? What days/ hours do they work each week? Are their days/ hours the same every	Kitchen porter / waiter 20 hrs per week in the evening	
How long has the employee been working at this business? What is their job role/ duties? What days/ hours do they work each week? Are their days/ hours the same every week?	Kitchen porter / waiter 20 hrs per week in the evening	
How long has the employee been working at this business? What is their job role/ duties? What days/ hours do they work each week? Are their days/ hours the same every week? Control	Kitchen porter / waiter 20 hrs per week in the evening Yes	
How long has the employee been working at this business? What is their job role/ duties? What days/ hours do they work each week? Are their days/ hours the same every week? Control Who gave the employee this job? Who tells them what days and hours	Kitchen porter / waiter 20 hrs per week in the evening Yes Don't know I do.	

Remuneration		
What is the employee given in return for their tasks and duties?	Wages	
If the payment includes money, how much is paid?	Pay slip I don't know how much.	
Who pays this employee?	Head office.	
How is this employee paid – cash, bank transfer?	Pay slip	
Does HMRC know that this employee works at your business?	Don't know.	
Pre-employment Checks		
Did you check the right to work or immigration status before you offered the employee the job?	Don't know.	
Did the employee share a digital code with you to enable you to check their right to work in the UK?	Don't know.	
Did you ask to see any documents from the employee to demonstrate their right to work in the UK?	I was not working here then.	
What documents did you ask to see and what were you shown before offering employment?	Don't know.	
Were you shown any originals?	Don't know	
When did you last check the employee's employment status?	Don't know.	
Did you know that the employee was not allowed to work in the UK?	No.	
Observations		
Observations		

Q&A		
Details		
Type of work	Visit	
Visit reference		
Created by		
ProntolD		
Subject CIDPID/CEPR		
Subject name		
Subject DOB		
Subject nationality	India	
Subject gender	маје	
Time	18:04	
Created at geolocation	Easting 482707	
	Northing 180033	
Creation date	15-06-2023 18:21:01	
Language of Interview		
What language is the interview carried out in?	Punjabi	
Interpreter used?	Yes	
Details of interpreter		
Does the individual understand the interpreter?	Yes	
Q&A		
the person sitting in front of you how long has he worked here?	He has worked here 6 months	
when and how many hours do you work here?	He works here 5 days a week and works from 3 till 10	
what is his name?		
where is your passport?	I lost it	
how would you buy your own ticket if you lost your passport?	I'll find it	
where would he look for his passport?	I would look for it	
is Mr the owner?	Yes	
is Mr at the bar	No no no	
is the man with the glasses Mr	No no	



<u>APPENDIX E</u>

